

CHRISTENDOM GRADUATE SCHOOL STUDY GUIDE FOR COMPREHENSIVE EXAMS

The following topics, collected from the graduate school professors, are treated in the core curriculum and in the required courses for the various concentrations. This list is intended to assist students in preparing for the comprehensive exams by reminding them of topics that they may want to review. Not all of these topics will be included in the exam, and students will have a wide selection of questions to choose from. Please note that topics listed on the same line and separated by semi-colons are NOT necessarily related: they are grouped thus merely to save space.

SCRIPTURE:

Genesis creation narrative; fall & original sin; the flood; Red Sea crossing; crossing of the Jordan; Babylonian exile; destruction of Jerusalem; Council of Jerusalem; infancy narratives; Terms: sacrifice, Good News, Kingdom of God, Christ, messiah, covenant, titles for Christ; Samaria and the Samaritans; Jewish feasts; religious sects of Judaism; Gnosticism; Exodus themes; Wisdom literature; fulfilled prophecy; prophets; Canon of Scripture; The following "in the Scriptures": Deity of Christ, Ecclesiology, priesthood, justification, Petrine ministry

CORE THEOLOGY:

INTRODUCTION TO THEOLOGY (590):

Theology, Revelation, Tradition, Magisterium
Inspiration & inerrancy of Scripture; senses of Scripture, author(s) of Scripture
Faith; development of dogma; hierarchy of truths
Heresy, dissent
Acts of the Magisterium
Church Fathers, St. Thomas Aquinas, Vatican II

GOD THE FATHER:

Doctrines of creation, providence, evil, creaturely freedom Divine essence, simplicity, transcendence, infinity Analogy

Development of Trinitarian doctrine: Nicaea, Constantinople, Cappadocian Fathers, Augustine Trinity; Divine "person;" *ousia, hypostasis, prosopon, perichoresis* (circumincession), "Economic Trinitarianism"

CHRISTOLOGY:

Nicaea, Ephesus, Chalcedon Communication of idioms Human nature of Christ, perfections and defects Nature and purpose of the union Sin and salvation

HOLY SPIRIT / ECCLESIOLOGY:

Images of the Church; Mystical Body of Christ; Church & salvation Heresy, apostasy, schism; bishops & Church unity Holiness, sanctification, justification Perfection of charity; states of life; state of perfection Marian dogmas

MORAL THEOLOGY (604):

End of man; sources of morality; intrinsically evil acts; conscience; natural law; principle of double effect Proportionalism; justification; *Veritatis Splendor*

Virtue, various types, esp. theological

Sin, grace, and their various types

St. Thomas on law, the types of law, and their relations

PHILOSOPHY (602 & 603):

Soul, sense & intellectual knowledge, organic & non-organic powers, immortality of the human soul, unity of man, intellect & will, person, freedom & necessity of the will, animal behavior, sense appetites, proofs of God's existence, ontological proof, existence & essence.

Philosophical errors about man & knowledge, ethics, truth, freedom; influence of philosophical errors on theology & theological errors; empiricism, rationalism, nominalism, Kantianism, utilitarianism, positivism, humanism, pragmatism, etc.

SYSTEMATIC CONCENTRATION:

PATRISTICS:

Definition of a 'Church Father'& their theological importance

Differences of development, East and West, Greek and Latin

Early Church heresies

Major Fathers on core areas of doctrine: God, Christ, Salvation, Eucharist, Papacy, etc.

Life and main teachings of key Fathers such as Ignatius, Irenaeus, Justin, Athanasius, Tertullian, Cyprian, Jerome, Ambrose, Augustine, the Cappadocians, Origen, Chrysostom, Cyril of Alexandria, Gregory, Leo, John Damascene.

CHURCH HISTORY:

Ancient cultures & Christianity; persecution & legalization of Christianity

Formation of the OT and NT canons

Figures: St. Augustine, Constantine, Charlemagne, Galileo, Pius XII

Christendom; 14th century; the Renaissance & Christianity

Protestant Reformation – history, theology, significant figures, Church's response

Enlightenment & French Revolution; "modernity" & the Church's response

Missionaries; monasticism; heresies & councils; Lay investiture; Crusades; Great Schism

LITURGY & SACRAMENTS:

Baptism & salvation; Eucharistic presence; sacraments of healing; parts of Penance;

Three-fold ministry of Christ; hierarchy & laity; ordination of women

Sacramentals; Church as sacrament; Donatism;

The Mass; "active participation;" Sacrosanctum Concilium; Mediator Dei;

Sacraments in Scripture

MORAL THEOLOGY CONCENTRATION:

THEOLOGICAL ANTHROPOLOGY:

Personalistic norm; "person" & the Trinity

Deism, Darwin, Descartes, and Kant on man

Genesis; image of God; Christ & humanity

Complementarity of men & women; feminism

Heaven & hell

VIRTUES:

Nature, causes & types of virtue, intellectual vs. moral, acquired vs. infused, infused & theological; Cardinal virtues, their connection & equality, their relation to other virtues, and their "parts;" Particular virtues & their vices

SEXUAL & BIOMEDICAL ETHICS:

Ends of marriage; conjugal act & procreation; contraception; periodic continence;

Prophylactic condom use; homosexual "marriage;" *in vitro* fertilization; artificial insemination; Gamete Intra-fallopian Tube Transfer ("GIFT")

Sterilization; mutilation; organ removal; organ transplants;

Debates about uterine isolation and embryo rescue/adoption;

Abortion as removal and abortion as killing; craniotomy;

Ectopic pregnancy; human embryonic stem cell research;

Ordinary & extraordinary means of preserving life; permanent vegetative state; brain death

SOCIAL TEACHINGS

Subsidiarity & solidarity; the common good, end & authority of the state; private property; just wage; *Rerum Novarum, Quadreagesimo anno, Laborem Exercens, Gaudium et Spes;*

War & peace; arms race; "same-sex marriage" movement;

Civil law & morality; religious freedom; social justice; capital punishment; immigration

EVANGELIZATION & CATECHESIS CONCENTRATION:

Classical catechesis; structure of catechisms; Divine pedagogy; RCIA; ancient catechumenate; senses of Scripture & catechetical methods; hierarchy of truths; *kerygma, didache;*

General Directory for Catechesis, Catechesis Tradendae, Catechism of the Catholic Church,

Redemptoris Missio; St. Augustine, Clement, the author of the Didache, Ignatius of Antioch, Cyril of Jerusalem; Evangelization & catechesis as Christocentric & Trinitarian;

Fathers' images for catechumenal process; Managing volunteers; policy manual; preparation for interviews; Stages of evangelization, its relation to catechesis; Incarnation & catechesis; inculturation in evangelization & catechesis; Catechetical methods: ecclesial, historical, developmental, apostolic; History of evangelization & catechesis; Baptism & the early Church kerygma; modern catechetical crisis

LITURGY & SACRAMENTS:

Baptism & salvation; Eucharistic presence; sacraments of healing; parts of Penance;

Three-fold ministry of Christ; hierarchy & laity; ordination of women

Sacramentals; Church as sacrament; Donatism;

The Mass; "active participation;" Sacrosanctum Concilium; Mediator Dei;

Sacraments in Scripture

APOLOGETICS:

Existence of God; evil; miracles; biblical historicity;

Catholic/Protestant differences on grace, justification & merit

Catholic/Protestant differences on authority (Scripture, tradition, infallibility, doctrinal development)

Marian teachings; Divinity of Christ; Pelagianism; Canon of Scripture; *sola scriptura* Eucharistic controversies

CONCECRATED LIFE CONCENTRATION:

St. Benedict; St. Thomas; Mendicants; Jesuits

Western monasticism; consecrated life in East & West

Mediator Dei, Lumen Gentium, Perfectae Caritatis, Code of Canon Law

Paschal Mystery; liturgy; religious vows; consecrated virginity; evangelical counsels; perfection of charity; consecration; renewal of religious life; role of religious in the Church, consecrated life in the Scriptures